Dryer
Safety Data Sheet
according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations
Date of issue: 10/17/2019 Revision date: 10/17/2019 Supersedes: 10/17/2019 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Substance
Substance name : Dryer
Product code : DCD-1210

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

No additional information available

1.3. Supplier

Uni-Flow Speciality Coatings

T 502-548-7035

1.4. Emergency telephone number

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Flammable liquids Category 2	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2	Causes skin irritation
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2	Causes serious eye irritation
Skin sensitization, Category 1	May cause an allergic skin reaction
Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B	May cause genetic defects
Carcinogenicity Category 1B	May cause cancer
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :

GHS02 GHS07 GHS08

Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) :
Highly flammable liquid and vapour
Causes skin irritation
May cause an allergic skin reaction
Causes serious eye irritation
May cause genetic defects
May cause cancer
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements (GHS US) :
Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
Keep container tightly closed.
Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment
Use only non-sparking tools.
Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors, spray
Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
If on skin: Wash with plenty of water
If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water/shower
If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label)
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
In case of fire: Use media other than water to extinguish.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Store locked up.
Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Name : Dryer

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified, [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C8 through C10 and boiling in the range of approximately 135°C to 210°C (275°F to 410°F).]	(CAS-No.) 64742-95-6	> 48.51	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	(CAS-No.) 95-63-6	< 16.96	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Stoddard solvent, Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified, [A colorless, refined petroleum distillate that is free from rancid or objectionable odors and that boils in a range of approximately 148.8°C to 204.4°C. (300°F to 400°F).]	(CAS-No.) 8052-41-3	~ 8.05	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light, Kerosine - unspecified, [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C16 and boiling in the range of approximately 150 °C to 290 °C (302 °F to 554 °F).]	(CAS-No.) 64742-47-8	~ 7.8	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Cobalt Carboxylate	(CAS-No.) 136-52-7	~ 4.8	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
2-Butoxyethanol	(CAS-No.) 111-76-2	~ 3.75	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour), H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319
2,2'-Bipyridine	(CAS-No.) 366-18-7	~ 1.6	Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331
cumene	(CAS-No.) 98-82-8	< 0.583	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse eyes with water as a precaution.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Reactivity : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene. Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors, spray.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container. Use explosion-proof equipment. Wear personal protective equipment. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Take all necessary technical measures to avoid or minimize the release of the product on the workplace. Limit quantities of product at the minimum necessary for handling and limit the number of exposed workers. Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation. Floors, walls and other surfaces in the hazard area must be cleaned regularly. Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors, spray. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Hygiene measures : Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Storage conditions : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Mineral Spirits (Stoddard Solvent) (8052-41-3)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Eye, skin, & kidney dam; nausea; CNS impair
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2900 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	500 ppm

Cobalt Carboxylate (136-52-7)
Not applicable

Distillates, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light (64742-47-8)
Not applicable

2,2'-Bipyridine (366-18-7)
Not applicable

2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm (2-Butoxyethanol (EGBE); USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value)

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	200 mg/m³
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200
OSHA	OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	500

cumene (98-82-8)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (Cumene; USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value)

cumene (98-82-8)		
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Lung cancer; liver and lung dam; A2 (Suspected Human Carcinogen: Human data are accepted as adequate in quality but are conflicting or insufficient to classify the agent as a confirmed human carcinogen; OR, the agent is carcinogenic in experimental animals at dose(s), by route(s) of exposure, at site(s), of histologic type(s), or by mechanism(s) considered relevant to worker exposure. The A2 is used primarily when there is limited evidence or carcinogenicity in humans and sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental animals with relevance to humans)
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	245 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	50 ppm

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	25 ppm (Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers); USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value)

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Hand protection:

Protective gloves

Eye protection:

Safety glasses

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

Wear respiratory protection.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

Color : Mixture contains one or more component(s) which have the following colour(s):
Colourless Dark blue to violet White No data available on colour

Odor : There may be no odour warning properties, odour is subjective and inadequate to warn of overexposure.
Mixture contains one or more component(s) which have the following odour(s):
Petroleum-like odour Mild odour Aromatic odour Pleasant odour Sweet odour No data available on odour Irritating/pungent odour

Odor threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point : Not applicable

Freezing point : No data available

Boiling point : 138.5 °C

Flash point : 29 °C

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable.

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Specific gravity / density	:	7.8 - 7.82
Solubility	:	No data available
Log Pow	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Explosion limits	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	No data available
Oxidizing properties	:	No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Cobalt Carboxylate (136-52-7)	
LD50 oral rat	3129 mg/kg body weight (OECD 425: Acute Oral Toxicity: Up-and-Down Procedure, Rat, Female, Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity, 24 h, Rat, Male/female, Weight of evidence)
ATE US (oral)	3129.000 mg/kg body weight

2,2'-Bipyridine (366-18-7)	
LD50 oral rat	100 mg/kg (Rat)
ATE US (oral)	100.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	700.000 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	3.000 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.500 mg/l/4h

2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
LD50 oral rat	1746 mg/kg body weight (Rat; Equivalent or similar to OECD 401; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (Rat; Experimental value; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	2.2 mg/l/4h (Rat; Experimental value)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	450 ppm/4h (Rat; Experimental value)
ATE US (oral)	1746.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	1100.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	450.000 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	2.200 mg/l/4h

2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
ATE US (dust, mist)	2.200 mg/l/4h

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)	
LD50 oral rat	3492 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	> 6193 ppm/4h
ATE US (oral)	3492.000 mg/kg body weight

cumene (98-82-8)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat; Other; Literature study; 4000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Other; Inconclusive, insufficient data)
LD50 dermal rabbit	10578 mg/kg (Rabbit; Literature study; Other)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	40 mg/l/4h (Rat; Literature study)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	8000 ppm/4h (Rat; Literature study)
ATE US (dermal)	10578.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	8000.000 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	40.000 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	40.000 mg/l/4h

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat; Equivalent or similar to OECD 401; Literature; 6000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rat	> 3440 mg/kg (Rat; Read-across; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	18 mg/l/4h (Rat)
ATE US (gases)	4500.000 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	18.000 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.500 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity : May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer.

2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

cumene (98-82-8)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status	3 - Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

STOT-single exposure : Not classified

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)	
Target organ(s)	liver kidneys central nervous system

cumene (98-82-8)	
Target organ(s)	liver kidneys central nervous system

STOT-repeated exposure : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

Cobalt Carboxylate (136-52-7)	
LC50 fish 1	1.512 mg/l (ASTM, 96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Read-across)
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	1703 mg/kg dwt (ASTM, 28 day(s), Tubifex tubifex, Semi-static system, Fresh water, Read-across)
LC50 fish 2	54.1 mg/l (ASTM, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Read-across)
ErC50 (algae)	144 µg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Read-across)

2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
LC50 fish 1	1474 ppm (LC50; OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test; 96 h; Oncorhynchus mykiss; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
EC50 Daphnia 1	1550 mg/l (EC50; OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test; 48 h; Daphnia magna; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
Threshold limit algae 1	911 mg/l (EC50; OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test; 72 h; Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
Threshold limit algae 2	88 mg/l (NOEC; OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test; 72 h; Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)

cumene (98-82-8)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	2.14 mg/l (EC50; OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test; 48 h; Daphnia magna; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
LC50 fish 1	7.72 mg/l (LC50; 96 h; Pimephales promelas; Flow-through system; Fresh water)
EC50 Daphnia 1	3.6 mg/l (LC50; OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test; 48 h; Daphnia magna; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
Threshold limit algae 2	2.356 mg/l (EC50; ECOSAR; 96 h; Algae; Fresh water)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Cobalt Carboxylate (136-52-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.

2,2'-Bipyridine (366-18-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability in water: no data available.

2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Low potential for adsorption in soil. Photooxidation in the air.

cumene (98-82-8)	
Persistence and degradability	Inherently biodegradable. Not readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Low potential for adsorption in soil.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.28 g O_2/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.42 g O_2/g substance
ThOD	3.2 g O_2/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.4

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water. Forming sediments in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Adsorbs into the soil. Low potential for mobility in soil. Photodegradation in the air.
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	0.44 g O_2/g substance

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Mineral Spirits (Stoddard Solvent) (8052-41-3)	
Log Pow	3.16 - 7.06

Cobalt Carboxylate (136-52-7)	
BCF fish 1	1.2 (131 day(s), Seriola quinqueradiata, Static system, Salt water, Read-across, Fresh weight)

Cobalt Carboxylate (136-52-7)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

2,2'-Bipyridine (366-18-7)	
Log Pow	1.5 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
Log Pow	0.81 (Test data; 20 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)	
Log Pow	2.1 - 6

cumene (98-82-8)	
BCF fish 1	35.5 (BCF)
BCF other aquatic organisms 1	94.69 (BCF; BCFBAF v3.00)
Log Pow	3.66 (Experimental value; 3.55; Experimental value; OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method; 23 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
BCF fish 1	31 - 275 (BCF; Other; 8 weeks; Cyprinus carpio)
Log Pow	3.63 - 4.09 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Potential for bioaccumulation (4 ≥ Log Kow ≤ 5).

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mineral Spirits (Stoddard Solvent) (8052-41-3)	
Log Koc	2.85 - 6.74 (log Koc)

Cobalt Carboxylate (136-52-7)	
Surface tension	0.064 N/m (20 °C, 1 g/l)
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.

2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
Surface tension	0.065 N/m (20 °C; Calculated value)

cumene (98-82-8)	
Log Koc	Koc,884; Calculated value; log Koc; 2.946; Calculated value

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
Surface tension	0.029 N/m
Log Koc	log Koc,3.04; Calculated value
Ecology - soil	May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on the global warming : No known effects from this product.
GWPmix comment : No known effects from this product.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
Additional information : Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT
Transport document description : UN1263 Paint, 3, III

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1263
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Paint

Class (DOT)	:	3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120
Packing group (DOT)	:	III - Minor Danger
Hazard labels (DOT)	:	3 - Flammable liquid

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	173
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	242
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	:	B1 - If the material has a flash point at or above 38 C (100 F) and below 93 C (200 F), then the bulk packaging requirements of 173.241 of this subchapter are applicable. If the material has a flash point of less than 38 C (100 F), then the bulk packaging requirements of 173.242 of this subchapter are applicable. B52 - Notwithstanding the provisions of 173.24b of this subchapter, non-reclosing pressure relief devices are authorized on DOT 57 portable tanks. IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672). T2 - 1.5 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3) TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr - tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling. TP29 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150.0 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 1.5 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous materials, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	150
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	:	60 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	:	220 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	:	A - The material may be stowed ‘‘on deck’’ or ‘‘under deck’’ on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	:	128
Other information	:	No supplementary information available.

Transportation of Dangerous Goods

Not applicable

Transport by sea

Transport document description (IMDG)	:	UN 1263 PAINT, 3, III
UN-No. (IMDG)	:	1263
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	:	PAINT
Class (IMDG)	:	3 - Flammable liquids
Packing group (IMDG)	:	III - substances presenting low danger
Limited quantities (IMDG)	:	5 L

Air transport

Transport document description (IATA)	:	UN 1263 Paint, 3, III
UN-No. (IATA)	:	1263
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	:	Paint
Class (IATA)	:	3 - Flammable Liquids
Packing group (IATA)	:	III - Minor Danger

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Mineral Spirits (Stoddard Solvent) (8052-41-3)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Cobalt Carboxylate (136-52-7)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Distillates, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light (64742-47-8)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

2,2'-Bipyridine (366-18-7)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

cumene (98-82-8)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Mineral Spirits (Stoddard Solvent) (8052-41-3)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Cobalt Carboxylate (136-52-7)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Distillates, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light (64742-47-8)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

2,2'-Bipyridine (366-18-7)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

cumene (98-82-8)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

cumene (98-82-8)
Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program)

15.3. US State regulations

cumene (98-82-8)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	

Mineral Spirits (Stoddard Solvent) (8052-41-3)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

cumene (98-82-8)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date : 10/17/2019

Full text of H-phrases:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H227	Combustible liquid
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H340	May cause genetic defects
H350	May cause cancer
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.